Lab - Secure Network Devices (Instructor Version)

**Instructor Note**: Red font color or gray highlights indicate text that appears in the instructor copy only.

# Topology



# Addressing Table

| Device | Interface | IP Address | Subnet Mask | Default Gateway |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| R1 | G0/0/1 | 192.168.1.1 | 255.255.255.0 | N/A |
| S1 | VLAN 1 | 192.168.1.11 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.1.1 |
| PC-A | NIC | 192.168.1.3 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.1.1 |

# Objectives

Part 1: Configure Basic Device Settings

Part 2: Configure Basic Security Measures on the Router

Part 3: Configure Basic Security Measures on the Switch

# Background / Scenario

It is recommended that all network devices be configured with at least a minimum set of best practice security commands. This includes end user devices, servers, and network devices, such as routers and switches.

In this lab, you will configure the network devices in the topology to accept SSH sessions for remote management. You will also use the IOS CLI to configure common, basic best practice security measures. You will then test the security measures to verify that they are properly implemented and working correctly.

**Note**: The routers used with CCNA hands-on labs are Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 (universalk9 image). The switches used in the labs are Cisco Catalyst 2960s with Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2) (lanbasek9 image). Other routers, switches, and Cisco IOS versions can be used. Depending on the model and Cisco IOS version, the commands available and the output produced might vary from what is shown in the labs. Refer to the Router Interface Summary Table at the end of the lab for the correct interface identifiers.

**Note**: Make sure that the routers and switches have been erased and have no startup configurations. If you are unsure, contact your instructor.

**Instructor Note**: Refer to the Instructor Lab Manual for the procedures to initialize and reload devices.

# Required Resources

* 1 Router (Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 universal image or comparable)
* 1 Switch (Cisco 2960 with Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2) lanbasek9 image or comparable)
* 1 PC (Windows with a terminal emulation program, such as Tera Term)
* Console cables to configure the Cisco IOS devices via the console ports
* Ethernet cables as shown in the topology

# Instructions

## Configure Basic Device Settings

In Part 1, you will set up the network topology and configure basic settings, such as the interface IP addresses, device access, and passwords on the devices.

### Cable the network as shown in the topology.

Attach the devices shown in the topology and cable as necessary.

### Initialize and reload the router and switch.

### Configure the router and switch.

Open configuration window

* + - 1. Console into the device and enable privileged EXEC mode.
      2. Assign the device name according to the Addressing Table.
      3. Disable DNS lookup to prevent the router from attempting to translate incorrectly entered commands as though they were hostnames.
      4. Assign class as the privileged EXEC encrypted password.
      5. Assign cisco as the console password and enable login.
      6. Assign cisco as the VTY password and enable login.
      7. Create a banner that warns anyone accessing the device that unauthorized access is prohibited.
      8. Configure and activate the G0/0/1 interface on the router using the information contained in the Addressing Table.
      9. Configure the default SVI on the switch with the IP address information according to the Addressing Table.
      10. Save the running configuration to the startup configuration file.

Close configuration window

### Configure PC-A.

Open command prompt

* + - 1. Configure PC-A with an IP address and subnet mask.
      2. Configure a default gateway for PC-A.

Close command prompt

### Verify network connectivity.

Open configuration window

Ping R1 and S1 from PC-A. If any of the pings fail, troubleshoot the connection.

Close configuration window

## Configure Basic Security Measures on the Router

### Configure security measures.

Open configuration window

* + - 1. Encrypt all clear-text passwords.
      2. Configure the system to require a minimum 12-character password.
      3. Change the passwords (privileged exec, console, and vty) to meet the new length requirement.
         1. Set the privileged exec password to **$cisco!PRIV\***
         2. Set the console password to **$cisco!!CON\***
         3. Set the vty line password to **$cisco!!VTY\***
      4. Configure the router to accept only SSH connections from remote locations
         1. Configure the username **SSHadmin** with an encrypted password of **55HAdm!n2020**
         2. The router’s domain name should be set to ccna-lab.com
         3. The key modulus should be 1024 bits.
      5. Set security and best-practice configurations on the console and vty lines.
         1. Users should be disconnected after 5 minutes of inactivity.
         2. The router should not allow vty logins for 2 minutes if 3 failed login attempts occur within 1 minute.

Close configuration window

## Configure security measures.

### Verify that all unused ports are disabled.

Router ports are disabled by default, but it is always prudent to verify that all unused ports are in an administratively down state. This can be quickly checked by issuing the **show ip interface brief** command. Any unused ports that are not in an administratively down state should be disabled using the **shutdown** command in interface configuration mode.

Open configuration window

R1# **show ip interface brief**

Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol

GigabitEthernet0/0/0 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

GigabitEthernet0/0/1 192.168.1.1 YES manual up up

Serial0/1/0 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

Serial0/1/1 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

Close configuration window

### Verify that your security measures have been implemented correctly.

Open configuration window

* + - 1. Use Tera Term on PC-A to telnet to R1.

#### Question:

Does R1 accept the Telnet connection? Explain.

Type your answers here.

No, the connection is refused. Telnet was disabled with the transport input ssh command.

* + - 1. Use Tera Term on PC-A to SSH to R1.

#### Question:

Does R1 accept the SSH connection?

Type your answers here.

Yes

* + - 1. Intentionally mistype the user and password information to see if login access is blocked after two attempts.

#### Question:

What happened after you failed to login the second time?

Type your answers here.

The connection to R1 was disconnected. If you attempt to reconnect within 30 seconds, the connection will be refused.

* + - 1. From your console session on the router, issue the **show login** command to view the login status. In the example below, the **show login** command was issued within the 120 second login blocking period and shows that the router is in Quiet-Mode. The router will not accept any login attempts for 111 more seconds.

R1# show login

A default login delay of 1 seconds is applied.

No Quiet-Mode access list has been configured.

All successful login is logged.

Router enabled to watch for login Attacks.

If more than 3 login failures occur in 60 seconds or less,

logins will be disabled for 120 seconds.

Router presently in Quiet-Mode.

Will remain in Quiet-Mode for 111 seconds.

Denying logins from all sources.

* + - 1. After the 120 seconds has expired, SSH to R1 again and login using the **SSHadmin** username and **55HAdm!n2020** for the password.

#### Question:

After you successfully logged in, what was displayed?

Type your answers here.

The R1 –MOTD banner.

* + - 1. Enter privileged EXEC mode and use **$cisco!PRIV\*** for the password.

#### Question:

If you mistype this password, are you disconnected from your SSH session after three failed attempts within 60 seconds? Explain.

Type your answers here.

No. The login block-for 120 attempts 3 within 60 command only monitors session login attempts on VTY lines.

* + - 1. Issue the **show running-config** command at the privileged EXEC prompt to view the security settings you have applied.

Close configuration window

## Configure Basic Security Measures on the Switch

### Configure security measures.

Open configuration window

* + - 1. Encrypt all clear-text passwords.
      2. Configure the system to require a minimum 12 character password
      3. Change the passwords (privileged exec, console, and vty) to meet the new length requirement.
         1. Set the privileged exec password to **$cisco!PRIV\***
         2. Set the console password to **$cisco!!CON\***
         3. Set the vty line password to **$cisco!!VTY\***
      4. Configure the switch to accept only SSH connections from remote locations.
         1. Configure the username **SSHadmin** with an encrypted password of **55HAdm!n2020**
         2. The switches domain name should be set to ccna-lab.com
         3. The key modulus should be 1024 bits.
      5. Set security and best-practice configurations on the console and vty lines.
         1. Users should be disconnected after 5 minutes of inactivity.
         2. The switch should not allow logins for 2 minutes if 3 failed login attempts occur within 1 minute.
      6. Disable all of the unused ports.

### Verify all unused ports are disabled.

Switch ports are enabled, by default. Shut down all ports that are not in use on the switch.

* + - 1. You can verify the switch port status using the **show ip interface brief** command.

S1# **show ip interface brief**

Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol

Vlan1 192.168.1.11 YES manual up up

FastEthernet0/1 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/2 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/3 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/4 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/5 unassigned YES unset up up

FastEthernet0/6 unassigned YES unset up up

FastEthernet0/7 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/8 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/9 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/10 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/11 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/12 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/13 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/14 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/15 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/16 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/17 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/18 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/19 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/20 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/21 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/22 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/23 unassigned YES unset down down

FastEthernet0/24 unassigned YES unset down down

GigabitEthernet0/1 unassigned YES unset down down

GigabitEthernet0/2 unassigned YES unset down down

* + - 1. Use the **interface range** command to shut down multiple interfaces at a time.

S1(config)# interface range f0/1–4 , f0/7-24 , g0/1-2

S1(config-if-range)# shutdown

S1(config-if-range)# end

* + - 1. Verify that all inactive interfaces have been administratively shut down.

S1# **show ip interface brief**

Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol

Vlan1 192.168.1.11 YES manual up up

FastEthernet0/1 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/2 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/3 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/4 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/5 unassigned YES unset up up

FastEthernet0/6 unassigned YES unset up up

FastEthernet0/7 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/8 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/9 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/10 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/11 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/12 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/13 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/14 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/15 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/16 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/17 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/18 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/19 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/20 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/21 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/22 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/23 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

FastEthernet0/24 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

GigabitEthernet0/1 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

GigabitEthernet0/2 unassigned YES unset administratively down down

Close configuration window

### Verify that your security measures have been implemented correctly.

* + - 1. Verify that Telnet has been disabled on the switch.
      2. SSH to the switch and intentionally mistype the user and password information to see if login access is blocked.
      3. After the 30 seconds has expired, SSH to S1 again and log in using the **SSHadmin** username and **55HAdm!n2020** for the password.

#### Question:

Did the banner appear after you successfully logged in?

Type your answers here.

Yes

* + - 1. Enter privileged EXEC mode using **$cisco!PRIV\*** as the password.
      2. Issue the **show running-config** command at the privileged EXEC prompt to view the security settings you have applied.

Close configuration window

# Reflection Questions

* 1. The **password** **cisco** command was entered for the console and VTY lines in your basic configuration in Part 1. When is this password used after the best practice security measures have been applied?

Type your answers here.

This password will not be used any longer. Even though the password command still appears in the line sections of the running-config, this command was disabled as soon as the login local command was entered for those lines.

* 1. Are preconfigured passwords shorter than 10 characters affected by the **security passwords min-length 12** command?

Type your answers here.

No. The security passwords min-length command only affects passwords that are entered after this command is issued. Any pre-existing passwords remain in effect. If they are changed, they will need to be at least 12 characters long.

# Router Interface Summary Table

| Router Model | Ethernet Interface #1 | Ethernet Interface #2 | Serial Interface #1 | Serial Interface #2 |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1800 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 1900 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 2801 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0) | Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1) |
| 2811 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 2900 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 4221 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0 (G0/0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/1 (G0/0/1) | Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0) | Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1) |
| 4300 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0 (G0/0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/1 (G0/0/1) | Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0) | Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1) |

**Note**: To find out how the router is configured, look at the interfaces to identify the type of router and how many interfaces the router has. There is no way to effectively list all the combinations of configurations for each router class. This table includes identifiers for the possible combinations of Ethernet and Serial interfaces in the device. The table does not include any other type of interface, even though a specific router may contain one. An example of this might be an ISDN BRI interface. The string in parenthesis is the legal abbreviation that can be used in Cisco IOS commands to represent the interface.

End of document

# Device Configs - Final

# Router R1

R1#sho run

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 3876 bytes

!

version 16.9

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

service password-encryption

platform qfp utilization monitor load 80

no platform punt-keepalive disable-kernel-core

!

hostname R1

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

!

security passwords min-length 12

enable secret 5 $1$BmR8$GYubrKoVQHVy5jWU918MX/

!

no aaa new-model

!

no ip domain lookup

ip domain name ccna-lab.com

!

!

login block-for 120 attempts 3 within 60

login on-success log

!

!

subscriber templating

!

!

multilink bundle-name authenticated

!

!

crypto pki trustpoint TP-self-signed-950245734

enrollment selfsigned

subject-name cn=IOS-Self-Signed-Certificate-950245734

revocation-check none

rsakeypair TP-self-signed-950245734

!

!

crypto pki certificate chain TP-self-signed-950245734

certificate self-signed 01

3082032E 30820216 A0030201 02020101 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 05050030

<output omitted>

!

no license smart enable

diagnostic bootup level minimal

!

spanning-tree extend system-id

!

!

username SSHadmin secret 5 $1$tgl9$jKy8iTbZeuS4VaDHetShg0

!

redundancy

mode none

!

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0

no ip address

shutdown

negotiation auto

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1

ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0

negotiation auto

!

interface Serial0/1/0

no ip address

shutdown

!

interface Serial0/1/1

no ip address

shutdown

!

ip forward-protocol nd

ip http server

ip http authentication local

ip http secure-server

!

ip ssh server algorithm encryption aes256-ctr aes192-ctr aes128-ctr aes256-cbc aes192-cbc aes128-cbc

!!

control-plane

!

banner motd ^C Unauthorized Access Is Prohibited ^C

!

line con 0

exec-timeout 5 0

password 7 06420C285F4D065844343D2546

transport input none

stopbits 1

line aux 0

stopbits 1

line vty 0 4

exec-timeout 5 0

password 7 08654F471A1A0A56533D383D60

login local

transport input ssh

!

!

end

# Switch S1

no service pad

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

service password-encryption

!

hostname S1

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

enable secret 5 $1$/Dix$FQPskX.44rHEKUDhJvJI40

!

username SSHadmin secret 5 $1$2ens$10nrX3Vj14Ofk.oMKtTrQ1

no aaa new-model

system mtu routing 1500

!

!

no ip domain-lookup

ip domain-name ccna-lab.com

login block-for 120 attempts 3 within 60

!

!

spanning-tree mode pvst

spanning-tree extend system-id

!

vlan internal allocation policy ascending!

!

interface FastEthernet0/1

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/2

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/3

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/4

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/5

!

interface FastEthernet0/6

!

interface FastEthernet0/7

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/8

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/9

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/10

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/11

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/12

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/13

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/14

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/15

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/16

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/17

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/18

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/19

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/20

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/21

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/22

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/23

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/24

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/1

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/2

shutdown

!

interface Vlan1

ip address 192.168.1.11 255.255.255.0

!

ip default-gateway 192.168.1.1

ip http server

ip http secure-server

!

!

banner motd ^C Unauthorized Access Is Prohibited ^C

!

line con 0

exec-timeout 5 0

password 7 145311021F07256A650B1C1B68

line vty 0 4

exec-timeout 5 0

password 7 08654F471A1A0A56533D383D60

login local

transport input ssh

line vty 5 15

login

!

end